Company registration number 07464167

FULHAM PALACE TRUST CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees Iain Cassidy

Craig Coben

(Appointed 7 October 2024) Reverend Peter Dobson

Deborah Farley-Persaud, Deputy Chair of Trustees

Paul Gray, Chair of Trustees

Fenella Goodhart Clive Hinds Daniel Jackson John King Matthew Pottage Mariana Spater

Ms Sian Harrington, BA, MA, MBA, AMA Secretary

Charity number (England and 1140088

Wales)

Company number 07464167

Fulham Palace Registered office

Bishops Avenue

London SW6 6EA

Auditor Gravita Audit Oxford LLP

First Floor, Park Central 40-41 Park End Street

Oxford OX1 1JD

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ANNUAL REPORT MESSAGE FROM THE CHAIR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

As chair of Fulham Palace Trust, I am pleased to present this year's annual review. This has been a year of renewal, resilience, and growth. We remain committed to conserving, restoring and promoting the house and garden, while also engaging and inspiring the public though the site's history and stories. We have deepened our roots within the community, broadened our reach, and celebrated our shared heritage.

The Palace's wonderful gardens continue to inspire and delight. Our 'going green' project has resulted in the delivery of a new pond, greenhouse and learning activities for our visitors. The initiative has helped people reconnect with nature through capturing their growing interest in climate change, biodiversity and sustainable practices, while diversifying the habitats for flora and fauna on our site. In addition, we have also started the box hedge replacement in the walled garden. We remain grateful to our funding partners who have supported these initiatives, the Kusuma Trust, the Museum Development London programme and the Stanley Smith Horticultural Trust.

The museum goes from strength to strength, and I am extremely proud of our continued focus on decolonisation work. Building upon our selection and participation of the Museums Association's Anti- Racist Museums Programme, we continue to share knowledge as part of their alumni and other networks. This will feed into future programming ideas, ensuring that we remain relevant to increasingly diverse audiences.

Community engagement and participation is one of our core beliefs. Despite funding pressures, we have maintained our programme of school, family and adult learning events. Our 'get into gardening' project continues to support young people who need extra support and our schools membership programme aims to work more closely with local schools, providing bespoke workshops and connecting students with career opportunities. Our income generating public events remain popular, with apple day, chilli fest and green meet welcoming almost 8,000 people.

Like many charities, we face ongoing financial pressures. Rising operational costs and no core funding require us to make careful strategic decisions as we face an uncertain future. We remain committed to making efficiency savings and streamlining programming on high impact initiatives. We will also continue to invest time in strengthening partnerships with the local council and funders.

On behalf of the board, I want to extend my heartfelt thanks to our dedicated staff, volunteers, and supporters. Their commitment brings life to Fulham Palace and helps ensure its future. Special thanks go to Siân Harrington (our chief executive), our Patrons, Friends, donors, the local authority and our community partners.

This year has shown us that while challenges remain, our charity remains a vibrant, evolving reflection of our community. With shared purpose and sustained effort, I believe the coming year will bring even greater opportunities for community connection, conservation and shared memory making.

Chairman

Date: 14AU4057 2025

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025.

The Fulham Palace Trust ("the Company") was incorporated on 8 December 2010 and registered with the Charity Commission on 27 January 2011. It is a company limited by guarantee and registered in England (number 07464167) and is a registered charity (number 1140088). It is governed by Memorandum and Articles of Association.

Objectives and activities

The charity's objects ("Objects") are specifically restricted to the following:

- to provide for the advancement of public education by the provision of the Fulham Palace Museum (the "Museum") comprising such exhibits or items as the Charity may from time to time hold or receive and to preserve the same as a collection (the "Collection");
- to preserve for the benefit of the inhabitants of the London Borough of Hammersmith and Fulham and of
 the nation at large whatever of the English historical architectural, archaeological and constructional
 heritage may exist in and round Fulham Palace in the form of buildings and gardens of particular beauty or
 historical, architectural or constructional interest; and
- to protect the environment, conserve or promote biological diversity in Fulham Palace grounds through (i) the provision, conservation, restoration or enhancement of a natural habitat; or (ii) the maintenance or recovery of a species in its natural habitat, on land or in water situated in the vicinity of a landfill site.

The Church Commission is the freeholder of the Fulham Palace site, and London Borough of Hammersmith and Fulham is the long leaseholder who ran Fulham Palace until 31 March 2011.

Public benefit

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the trust should undertake.

RISK ASSESSMENT

The major risks to which the charity is exposed have been identified and reviewed and systems have been established to mitigate these risks.

The risk assessment process is supported by our organisational risk register, which is comprehensive, updated regularly and identifies key risks and mitigations. It is reviewed by finance, risk and audit committee every two months, and by the board annually. Our financial situation is identified as a significant risk. We have forecast deficits going forward, declining financial reserves and an increasing backlog of cyclical repairs required to the buildings and gardens. We have prepared a financial recovery plan to address these issues.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Financial review

We have restricted and unrestricted income. Restricted income can only be used for the project specified by the provider of the income. Unrestricted income is available for the charity to use on any of its activities, and comprises general unrestricted funds and designated unrestricted funds. Designated funds are those funds identified by the trustees for specific purposes.

Our total income increased by £94k to £2.01m. Within that unrestricted income fell by £148k to £1.556m. The majority of our unrestricted income comes from rents of £0.78m and major functions and events of £0.5 m. Rents were relatively stable year on year, unfortunately, functions and events reduced by £160k as a contract with an events company ceased last year.

This reduction in unrestricted general income was partly offset by the London Borough of Hammersmith & Fulham kindly converting £125k of their loan into a grant. This has been shown as designated income.

Restricted income increased from £211k to £328k reflecting the greenhouse appeal, and increased education programme grants.

Our total costs increased from £1.88m to £1.98m, with unrestricted costs increasing from £1.68m to £1.74m. We had a general unrestricted deficit for the year of £187k, compared to a small surplus last year of 27k. Unfortunately, rising costs mean that we are forecasting a larger deficit in the current financial year. This deficit position is being exacerbated by the significant backlog in expenditure to conserve and maintain the historic buildings and gardens, which is described in note 14 to the financial statements. Our current estimate of the total expenditure backlog is £7.2m.

Trustees and management have prepared a financial recovery plan, which is being implemented, to address this deficit position. A designated fund has been created to hold the £125k grant which will be used to assist our financial recovery programme.

Reserves policy

Financial Reserves

In 2017 FPT developed a risk based reserve policy underpinned by our organisational risk register and linked with the charity's strategy and business plan. Using this methodology we identified that we should build up a level of free unrestricted reserves of £636k by 31 March 2025.

Free unrestricted reserves are unrestricted funds less items such as fixed assets which could not be sold to be used to meet short-term needs. These free unrestricted financial reserves are critical to the charity, as they are available for us to use to meet financial commitments and issues as they arise.

As at 31 March 2025 we had unrestricted funds of £4.4m and free financial reserves of £356k.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Plans for future periods

Our current business plan was ratified by the Trust Board on 19th September 2016 and covers the period up to March 2025. This is in the process of being updated.

Priorities over the next year include:

- · Applying for grants to undertake essential cyclical maintenance of the Palace.
- · Applying for funding to stabilise the Trust's finances through grant applications and appeals.
- Reviewing the catering offer at the Palace and deciding on the model going forward from April 2027.
- Finalising a new 8-year business plan incorporating a financial recovery plan.
- · Implementation of our revised technology plan

VISION OF FULHAM PALACE TRUST

Vision

To engage people, through the stories of Fulham Palace and the Bishops of London, in 6,000 years of English history, and to become one of the UK's most inclusive and inspiring historic houses and gardens.

Key aims

- To conserve and restore Fulham Palace house and garden following thorough analysis of options and sector best practice
- To develop the understanding of Fulham Palace's layered history through research and engagement with experts, partners, users and the community
- · To be inspirational, engaging and educational
- To delight our visitors through excellent customer service and high quality facilities, interpretation and events
- To be inclusive and participative in all areas of the Palace's operation
- · To be sustainable and financially self-sufficient

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Business Plan Targets

Our organisational model enables us to:

- Value Fulham Palace as a heritage asset. It will become a local and national landmark to be proud of rather than just a wedding venue with pleasant grounds;
- Be a more effective and resilient organization: we will be able to market Fulham Palace more effectively and will have the right number and type of staff in place to meet our objectives and income targets;
- Be more financially secure: by making full use of our heritage asset including our considerable rental portfolio as a source of regular income;
- Enhance our educational offering and increase public awareness of what we are by providing a wider range
 of activities and events for a growing number and range of visitors;
- Support our local communities through the provision of a high quality heritage attraction on their doorstep, as well as providing jobs and a wide range of volunteering opportunities;
- Support our local economy as a successful Fulham Palace will bring more footfall to the local area and local businesses. The outcomes of raising awareness and contributing to the local economy support both the Borough's arts and cultural strategy and London&Partners' ambition to pull tourists to currently less well known heritage sites in the city.

A new business plan will be written in 2025 and this will incorporate the financial recovery plan we are currently preparing.

Structure, governance and management

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purpose of company law, and who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

lain Cassidy

Craig Coben

Reverend Peter Dobson

(Appointed 7 October 2024)

Deborah Farley-Persaud, Deputy Chair of Trustees

Paul Gray, Chair of Trustees

Fenella Goodhart

Clive Hinds

Daniel Jackson

John King

Fiona McWilliams

(Resigned 5 August 2024)

Matthew Pottage

Mariana Spater

Recruitment and appointment of trustees

New trustees receive information about Fulham Palace Trust, its aims and objectives and are given a tour of the Palace, meeting staff and volunteers. Trustees are encouraged to attend appropriate external training events where these will facilitate the undertaking of their role.

Subsidiary Undertakings

The results of Fulham Palace Trust's subsidiary undertaking, Fulham Palace Enterprises Community Interest Company, are summarised in Note 3 to the financial statements.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REPORT) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Organisational structure

The board of trustees, which can have up to 12 members, administers the charity. The Trust meets every 2 months, with 3-4 meetings of Finance Risk and Audit Committee per annum. There is also a Fundraising Committee that meets twice per annum, and a Nominations Committee that meets as necessary.

A Chief Executive is appointed by the trustees to manage the day-to-day operations of the charity. To facilitate effective operations, the Chief Executive has delegated authority, with terms of delegation approved by the trustees, for operational matters including finance, employment, PR/marketing, fundraising, maintenance, collections management, health and safety, and learning and outreach related activity. The Chief Executive during the year was Ms. Sian Harrington.

As set out in the Articles of Association, the London Borough of Hammersmith & Fulham may appoint a maximum of two trustees and the Bishop of London may appoint one trustee. The Chairman may hold that office for a maximum period of 3 years, and may be re-appointed for a further 3 years but no more.

Auditor

In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that Gravita Audit Oxford LLP be reappointed as auditor of the company will be put at a General Meeting.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the trustees has confirmed that there is no information of which they are aware which is relevant to the audit, but of which the auditor is unaware. They have further confirmed that they have taken appropriate steps to identify such relevant information and to establish that the auditor is aware of such information.

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

Paul Gray, Chair of Trustees

Trustee

Date: 14-AVQUST 2025

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The trustees, who are also the directors of Fulham Palace Trust for the purpose of company law, are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the trust and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the trust will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the trust and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the trust and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

With thanks to our founding donors and all those who have given to Fulham Palace over the course of the year 1 April 2024 – 31 March 2025.

Founding Donors

An anonymous benefactor
Botterill, Councillor Nicholas
Cook, Sandra
Edington CBE, Gordon
Emery FSA, Phillip
Hackett, Thomas and Genevieve
Hawes, the Reverend Canon Joseph
Howard, Phil and Jennie
Ingram, Tim
Poole, Martin
Sanderson, Tim and Dede
The Scorpion Trust
Von Schoenaich, Brita
Williams, Dr Jonathan
Wright, Ken

Life Patrons

Wright, Jennifer

Anonymous benefactors Borrows, Simon and Sally Boyce, Daphne Burgess, Vernon and Jennifer Elizabeth Clark, Simon Dean, Esther Fanshawe, Angus Fenn, Anthony Fowler, Stuart and Mindy Greenhalgh, Stephen Groenholm, Klaus and Kate Harding, Anthony Hill-Smith, Alex and Isobel Hogg, Charlotte Ingram, Jonathan and Abi Ingram, Tim and Christine Laing, Christopher Leslie, Jonathan and Pepe Lyon, Sebastian and Flora McMillan, Carolyn Monaghan, Ben and Louise Nunneley, Sir Charles and Lady Catherine Stead, George and Daphne Upton, Richard Whitehouse, Keith Witherow, John

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Annual Patrons

Armstrong, Caroline and John

Atwell, Jamie*

Aylmer, Lady Belinda and Lord Julian

Balisciano, Márcia

Barthaud, Helene

Blunden, George and Jane

Bowden-Dan, Jane

Bradley, Stephen

Coben, Craig and Basia

Copeland, Eileen

Deblue, Isabelle

Farley-Persaud, Deborah

Finch, Stephen

Gray, Paul

Haly, William

Harding, Anne

Hinds, Clive

Jenkins, David and Fiona

King, John

Lafuente, Gracia

MacIntyre, Arabella and Duncan

Marx, Jill

Mazza, Alessandro

McWilliams, Fiona and Jeremy

Nicholl-Carne, Sarah

Parker, Hamish

Paterson, David and Rosemary

Quinlan, Victoria

Richards, Geoffrey

Rylance, His Honour John and Philippa

Scholes, Carol

Shocket, Godfrey and Sue

Sommerville, Robbie

Spater, Mariana

Spicer, Brian

Steane, Caroline

Walsh, Stephen

Waugh, Vivienne

Wintour, Richard

Woodhull, Richard and Hense, Michelle

Woods, Gil

St James Chapter NSDAR

*We are very sad to report that one of our supporters, Jamie Atwell (Annual Patron), passed away in May 2024.

Corporate Patrons

Bovingdons Catering

LMA Property

Pascal Huser Design and Build Ltd

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Individual Donors (£1,000+):

Amer, Thelma Burgess, Vernon Davidson, Linda Nunneley, Sir Charles Parker, Hamish Rose, Jacqueline

Charitable Trusts, Foundations and Organisations to Fulham Palace (£1,000+):

Dyers Company
English Heritage
Fulham Society
John Lyon's Charity
Museum Development London (Arts Council England)
The Barbara and Philip Denny Trust
The Golden Bottle Trust
The Kusuma Trust
The Lyon Family Charitable Trust
The Stanley Smith Horticultural Trust

With thanks to all those who have given to Fulham Palace over the course of the year, including those who wish to remain anonymous.

Trustee donations

The following are annual patrons:

Coben, Craig
Farley-Persaud, Deborah
Gray, Paul
Hinds, Clive
King, John
McWilliams, Fiona and Jeremy
Spater, Mariana

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF FULHAM PALACE TRUST

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Fulham Palace Trust ('the parent charitable company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the group statement of financial activities, the balance sheet for the group and charity, the group statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2025 and of the groups incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are
 prepared, which includes the directors' report prepared for the purposes of company law, is consistent with the
 financial statements; and
- the directors' report included within the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF FULHAM PALACE TRUST

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and parent charitable company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report included within the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent charitable company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent charitable company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the trustees' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees' responsibilities, the trustees, who are also the directors of the trust for the purpose of company law, are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the group and parent charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the group or parent charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the company through discussions with trustees and other management, and from our knowledge and experience;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the charitable company;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence where applicable; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF FULHAM PALACE TRUST

We assessed the susceptibility of the charitable company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- · agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- · reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- · enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims;
- reviewing relevant correspondence.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance.

Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF FULHAM PALACE TRUST

Robert Kirtland (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Gravita Audit Oxford LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants First Floor, Park Central 40-41 Park End Street Oxford

OX1 1JD

Date: 4/9/2025

GROUP STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Ď	\supset	restricted funds	Restricted funds	Total	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total
	Notes	general D 2025 £	Designated 2025 £	2025 £	2025 £	general 2024 £	2024 £	2024 £
Income from: Donations and legacies Charitable activities	ന ന	41,356 213,163	125,000	328,575	494,931 213,163	65,383 196,457	211,683	277,066 196,457
Other trading activities Investments	~ 4	1,279,627 21,680	1 1	1 1	1,279,627 21,680	1,405,618	' '	1,405,618 36,814
Total income		1,555,826	125,000	328,575	2,009,401	1,704,272	211,683	1,915,955
Expenditure on: Raising funds Charitable activities	ဖ ထ	201,584		237,847	201,584	204,976	202,339	204,976
Total expenditure		1,742,854	'	237,847	1,980,701	1,677,103	202,339	1,879,442
Net income/(expenditure)		(187,028)	125,000	90,728	28,700	27,169	9,344	36,513
Transfers between funds		69,847	•	(69,847)	1	(44,894)	44,894	1
Net movement in funds		(117,181)	125,000	20,881	28,700	(17,725)	54,238	36,513
Keconciliation of funds: Fund balances at 1 April 2024		4,381,483	'	67,742	4,449,225	4,399,208	13,504	4,412,712
Fund balances at 31 March 2025		4,264,302	125,000	88,623	4,477,925	4,381,483	67,742	4,449,225

GROUP STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

BALANCE SHEET FOR THE GROUP AND THE CHARITY AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	Group 2025 £	Charity 2025 £	Group 2024 £	Charity 2024 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	14	4,033,281	4,015,176	4,116,566	4,095,485
•		.,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Current assets Stocks	15	10,940	10,940	9,015	9,015
Debtors	16	118,262	114,738	160,734	90,689
Cash at bank and in hand		796,792	688,830	702,534	371,900
		925,994	814,508	872,283	471,604
Creditors: amounts falling due within	47	(256, 250)	(500.070)	(E20 624)	(640.254)
one year	17	(356,350)	(593,970)	(539,624)	(642,351)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		569,644	220,538	332,659	(170,747)
Total assets less current liabilities		4,602,925	4,235,714	4,449,225	3,924,738
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	19	(125,000)	(125,000)	•	-
Net assets		4,477,925	4,110,714	4,449,225	3,924,738
		Military of American	And desired a better control of the		
Income funds					
Restricted funds	22	88,623	88,623	67,742	67,742
Unrestricted funds - general					
Designated funds	20	125,000	125,000	-	-
General unrestricted funds		4,264,302	3,897,091	4,381,483	3,856,996
		4,389,302	4,022,091	4,381,483	3,856,996
		4,477,925	4,110,714	4,449,225	3,924,738
				The state of the s	

Paul Gray, Chair of Trustees

Trustee

Company registration number 07464167

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE GROUP FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	2029 £	5 £	202 £	24 £
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations	28		171,049		75,402
Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Investment income received		(95,799) 21,680		(108,859) 36,814	
Net cash used in investing activities			(74,119)		(72,045)
Financing activities Repayment of loan Payment of finance leases obligations		- (2,672)		(135,216)	
Net cash used in financing activities			(2,672)		(135,216)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and case equivalents	sh		94,258		(131,859)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning o	f year		702,534		834,393
Cash and cash equivalents at end of ye	ear		796,792		702,534

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Fulham Palace Trust is a company limited by guarantee incorporated and domiciled in England. Its registered office address and principal place of business is Fulham Palace, Bishops Avenue, London, SW6 6EA.

In the event of the company being wound up every member undertakes to contribute to the assets for payment of the debts and liabilities an amount not exceeding £100.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the trust's governing document, the Companies Act 2006, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The trust is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the trust. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \mathfrak{L} .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements consolidate the results of the charity and its wholly-owned subsidiary Fulham Palace Enterprises Community Interest Company (registered company number: 07574413). Registered office address is Fulham Palace, Bishops Avenue, London, SW6 6EA.

1.2 Going concern

The financial statements of the Trust have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that the Trust will continue to be able to meet its liabilities when they fall due. The trustees consider that the going concern basis remains appropriate having reviewed a period of at last twelve months from the approval of these financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the Trustees in furtherance of the general objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes.

Designated funds comprise funds which have been set aside at the discretion of the trustees for specific purposes. The purposes and uses of the designated funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Restricted funds are funds which are to be used in accordance with specific restrictions imposed by the donors or which have been raised by the charity for particular purposes. The aim and use of each restricted fund is set out in the notes to the financial statements.

1.4 Income

All income is accounted for when the charity has entitlement to the funds, certainty of receipt and the amount is measurable. Where income is received in advance or a deposit is made it is deferred until the charity is entitled to that income – usually when the event occurs. Grants are included on a receivable basis subject to adjudged ability to meet any associated conditions. Donations and legacies are included in the accounts when received. Legacies are accounted for when the charity is notified of its entitlement to the income and the amount can be assessed with reasonable certainty. Donated facilities have been recognised at the value of the benefit to the charity.

Turnover is the amount derived from ordinary activities, and stated after trade discounts, other sales taxes and net of VAT.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Expenditure

Costs are included in the appropriate category. Support costs are allocated across the two activities based on the direct costs of that activity as a proportion of the total direct cost of the two activities. Irrecoverable VAT is included within support costs.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements 5 to 20% straight line, or over the duration of the lease

Plant and equipment 10 to 33% straight line Fixtures and fittings 25% straight line Computers 33% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the trust reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.8 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. 'Net realisable value' is the amount or value expected to be received from the sale or use of stock in the normal course of business after deducting any additional cost incurred in the process of realisation.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

1.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.10 Financial instruments

The trust has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the trust's balance sheet when the trust becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the trust's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.11 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the trust is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.13 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to net income/(expenditure) for the year so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

1.14 Transfer of Assets

On the 1 April 2011 all the assets and liabilities of Fulham Palace Trust (an unincorporated charity) were transferred to Fulham Palace Trust (an incorporated charity).

1.15 Concessionary Loans

The short-term loan recorded on the balance sheet is a classified as a concessionary loan. Concessionary loans have been recognised and measured at amount that was initially received, and are adjusted to reflect repayments and impairment on the loan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.16 Conservation and maintenance of Palace and gardens

The conservation and maintenance expenditure required for the Palace and gardens is monitored regularly, and analysed into four different categories. Categories A& B are essential works required to be completed in the following twelve months.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the trust's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

The judgement that has had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements was the charge for depreciation during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

3 Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted Unrestricted funds	nrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total		nrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total
	general D 2025 £	general Designated 2025 2025 £ £	2025 £	2025 £	general I 2024 £	Designated 2024 £	2024 £	2024 £
Donations and gifts	41,356	125,000	328,575	494,931	65,383		211,683	277,066
Donations and gifts			1	1				
Church Commission donation in kind for use of property	•	•	62,500	62,500	•	1	62,500	62,500
Walled Garden	•	•	167,123	167,123	1	1	135,678	135,678
Education programme	1	1	77,306	77,306	1	•	,1	
Interpretation	1	1	2,556	2,556	1	1	13,505	13,505
IT Innovation Project	•	•	19,090	19,090	•	•	1	,
Other project grants and donations	41,356	125,000		166,356	65,383	•	ı	65,383
	41,356	125,000	328,575	494,931	65,383	1	211,683	277,066

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4 Income from investments

	Unrestricted	Unrestricted
	funds	funds
	2025	2024
	£	£
Interest receivable	21,680	36,814

5 Charitable activities

	Charitable Income	Charitable Income
	2025	2024
	£	£
Café income	33,031	31,808
Education	40,504	47,705
Other income	139,628	116,944
	213,163	196,457

6 Expenditure on raising funds

	Unrestricted funds 2025	Unrestricted funds 2024
	£	£
Fundraising and publicity		
Seeking donations, grants and legacies	10,632	10,809
Membership schemes and social lotteries	8,626	6,951
Other fundraising costs	6,993	8,449
Staff costs	51,532	48,444
	77,783	74,653
Trading costs		
Other trading activities	123,801	130,323
Total costs	201,584	204,976

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

7 Other trading activities

	Unrestricted U funds general 2025 £	Inrestricted funds general 2024 £
General rents, service charges and utilities reimbursements Fulham Palace Enterprises CIC income	784,436 495,191	750,810 654,808
Other trading activities	1,279,627	1,405,618

Fulham Palace Enterprises Community Interest Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary incorporated in England and Wales whose principal activity is to support the charity. The subsidiary is limited by guarantee and therefore there is no investment to disclose. The guarantee is limited to £100.

The income and expenditure of the CIC as shown in the published accounts is as follows:

	2025 £	2024 £
Turnover events and functions	495,191	654,808
Cost of sales Administrative expenses	(26,278) (97,521)	(39,658) (90,663)
Retained profit for the year	371,392	524,487
Balance sheet		
Fixed assets	18,105	21,081
Current assets	354,515	518,500
Current liabilities	(5,411)	(15,094)
Net assets	367,209	524,487

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

8 Charitable activities

	Maintenance of historic buildings	Community & education	Total 2025	Maintenance of historic buildings	Community & education	Total 2024
	2025	2025		2024	2024	
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Charitable expenditure	184,898	35,616	220,514	107,965	37,733	145,698
Share of support costs						
(see note 10) Share of governance	923,428	615,618	1,539,046	906,637	604,424	1,511,061
costs (see note 10)	11,734	7,823	19,557	10,624	7,083	17,707
	1,120,060	659,057	1,779,117	1,025,226	649,240	1,674,466
Analysis by fund Unrestricted funds -						
general	985,892	555,378	1,541,270	882,186	589,941	1,472,127
Restricted funds	134,168	103,679	237,847	143,040	59,299	202,339
	1,120,060	659,057	1,779,117	1,025,226	649,240	1,674,466

9 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration, benefits or expenses from the trust during the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

10	Support costs						
		Support (Governance	2025	Support C	Governance	2024
		costs	costs		costs	costs	
		£	£	£	£	£	£
	Staff costs	998,157	_	998,157	949,323	-	949,323
	Depreciation	172,653	-	172,653	172,790	-	172,790
	Premises	193,186	-	193,186	197,412	-	197,412
	Other overheads	175,050	-	175,050	191,536	-	191,536
	Audit fees	-	12,080	12,080	_	11,620	11,620
	Non-audit fees	_	6,485	6,485	-	5,735	5,735
	Legal and professional	-	992	992	-	352	352
		1,539,046	19,557	1,558,603	1,511,061	17,707	1,528,768
	Analysed between						
	Charitable activities	1,539,046	19,557	1,558,603	1,511,061 ======	17,707 ———	1,528,768

60% of support costs are allocated to Maintenance of historic buildings. The remaining 40% is allocated to Community & Education.

11 Taxation

The charity is exempt from taxation on its activities because all its income is applied for charitable purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

12 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2025	2024
	Number	Number
CEO	1	1
Commercial & Visitor Experience Manager	1	1
Events Manager	1	1
Finance Manager	1	1
Assistant Accountant	1	1
Visitor welcome team	6	6
Head Gardener	1	1
Senior Gardener	3	3
Apprentice/Trainee Gardeners	5	3
Learning and Engagement manager	1	1
Learning Assistant	1	1
Volunteer Development Officer	1	1
Administration	2	2
Handyman/Caretaker	2	2
Fundraising Officer	1	1
Community Archaeologist	1	1
Marketing Officer	1	2
Conservation Assistant	1	1
Facilities Manager	1	1
Cleaning team	3	3
	35	34
Employment costs	2025	2024
	£	£
Weren and polaries	938,251	863,590
Wages and salaries Social security costs	86,935	75,303
Other pension costs	44,556	40,054
Other pension costs		
	1,069,742	978,947
The number of employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000		
is as follows:		2021
	2025	2024
	Number	Number
£70,001 - £80,000	-	1
£80,000 - £90,000	1	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

12	Employees		(Continued)
	Remuneration of key management personnel The remuneration of key management personnel was as follows:	2025 £	2024 £
	Aggregate compensation	101,244	96,601

13 Heritage assets

Fulham Palace Trust holds a collection of material related to the Bishops of London and the Palace house and garden. The collection of paintings, books, archaeology and ephemera comprises c.11,000 items. The Trust is in the process of completing an inventory of the collection and transferring that material to a database.

Objects vested in the Trust cannot be disposed of except in very specific and exceptional circumstances, as outlined by the Arts Council England museums accreditation scheme. Disposal may be considered when an object is no longer relevant to the museum's collection, its stated objectives or its long-term care.

Heritage assets are not included on the balance sheet because information on value is not readily available. The cost of obtaining a valuation is justified by the usefulness of the information to the users and for its own stewardship purposes. Most of our items do not require this other than material on loan.

14 Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold improvements	Plant and equipment	Fixtures and fittings	Computers	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 April 2024	4,685,125	38,145	273,140	102,479	5,098,889
Additions	90,382	-	5,342	75	95,799
Disposals		(2,748)	(102,325)	(19,300)	(124,373)
At 31 March 2025	4,775,507	35,397	176,157	83,254	5,070,315
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 April 2024	699,310	31,321	163,910	87,783	982,324
Depreciation charged in the year	144,185	4,164	23,848	6,886	179,083
Eliminated in respect of disposals		(2,748)	(102,325)	(19,300)	(124,373)
At 31 March 2025	843,495	32,737	85,433	75,369	1,037,034
Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2025	3,932,012	2,660	90,724	7,885 ———	4,033,281 ======
At 31 March 2024	3,985,816	6,824	109,230	14,696	4,116,566

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

14 Tangible fixed assets

(Continued)

The majority of leasehold improvements in the year related to the new greenhouse.

The net carrying value of tangible fixed assets includes the following in respect of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts. The depreciation charge in respect of such assets amounted to £2,080 (2024 - £520) for the year.

	2025 £	2024 £
Plant and equipment	7,802	9,882

Conservation and management of Fulham Palace and gardens

Fulham Palace Trust (FPT) was set up in April 2011 as a charitable company and manages the Palace and gardens. Prior to 2011 the site was managed by London Borough of Hammersmith and Fulham (LBHF). The Church Commission still own the site, and lease it to LBHF, who lease it to FPT.

FPT is responsible for the maintenance and conservation of the Palace and gardens, preserving them for the benefit of the nation at large and particularly local inhabitants.

The lease with the LBHF is a full repairing lease. FPT is therefore financially responsible for repairs, maintenance and conservation of both the Palace and gardens and has developed a plan to manage the situation.

Senior management has prepared detailed budgets covering the next two years and a forecast for the subsequent five-year period. Required expenditure has been divided into different categories reflecting how quickly work needs to be done.

Category A building works that should be addressed urgently,

Category B works to do with legal compliance/fire/ security/H&S,

Category C being general building maintenance and repairs which are necessary but not urgent, and

Category D being potential 'nice to haves'.

Categories A&B are funded in the budget period, and we are forecasting a spend of £46k in 2025/26. Category C items are very significant items and without action in the next five to ten years will cause a deterioration in the fabric of the Palace and will impact on commercial income. However, they do not require immediate funding. The total conservation and maintenance expenditure is estimated to be £7.2m.

15 Stocks

	2025 £	2024 £
Finished goods and goods for resale	10,940	9,015

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

16	Debtors		Group 2025	Charity 2025	Group 2024	Charity 2024
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£	£	£	£
	Trade debtors		5,000	3,540	18,710	4,724
	Other debtors		3,049	3,049	2,836	2,836
	Prepayments and accrued income		110,213	108,149	139,188	83,129
			118,262	114,738	160,734	90,689
17	Creditors: amounts falling due within one y	ear	Group 2025	Charity 2025	Group 2024	Charity 2024
			£	£	£	£
	Concessionary loan from LBHF		_	-	250,000	250,000
	Obligations under finance leases	18	10,022	10,022	12,694	12,694
	Other taxation and social security		65,153	65,155	60,363	60,363
	Trade creditors		47,931	47,931	34,594	34,594
	Amounts owed to subsidiary undertakings		-	243,029	-	117,820
	Other creditors		166,341	166,341	106,575	106,575
	Accruals and deferred income		66,903	61,492	75,398	60,305
			356,350	593,970	539,624	642,351

The concessionary loan from LBHF was repayable on 31 March 2019 or earlier if the balance of the loan drawn down which has not been used to fund unforeseen or unbudgeted costs together with the accumulated operating surplus (excluding restricted funds) exceed £500,000. Of the £250,000 loan at the start of the year, £125,000 was converted to a grant during the year. The other £125,000 of the loan remains reflected in liabilities as at the year end.

18 Finance lease obligations

The finance leases are secured on the assets concerned.

19	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	Group	Charity	Group	Company
	•	2025	2025	2024	2024
		£	£	£	£
	Concessionary loan from LBHF	125,000	125,000	-	
		125,000	125,000	-	-
				-	

Details of the concessionary loan from LBHF are disclosed in note 17.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

20 Unrestricted funds

The unrestricted funds of the charity comprise the unexpended balances of donations and grants which are not subject to specific conditions by donors and grantors as to how they may be used. These include designated funds which have been set aside out of unrestricted funds by the trustees for specific purposes.

The free unrestricted reserves at 31 March 2025 were £356,021 (2024: £264,917), comprising unrestricted reserves less fixed assets.

	At 1 April 2024	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Transfers	At 31 March 2025
	£	£	£	£	£
Designated funds	-	125,000	-	-	125,000
General funds	4,381,483	1,555,826	(1,742,854)	69,847	4,264,302
	4,381,483	1,680,826	(1,742,854)	69,847	4,389,302
			====	:=====================================	
Previous year:	At 1 April 2023	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Transfers	At 31 March 2024
	£	£	£	£	£
General funds	4,399,208	1,704,272	(1,677,103)	(44,894)	4,381,483
			=======================================		

During the year the London Borough of Hammersmith & Fulham kindly agreed to convert part of their loan into a grant. This grant of £125k is to be used for our financial recovery plans. The Trustees have decided to establish a designated fund for this grant.

21 Retirement benefit schemes

Defined contribution schemes	2025 £	2024 £
Charge to profit or loss in respect of defined contribution schemes	41,179	36,960

The trust operates a defined contribution pension scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the trust in an independently administered fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

22 Restricted funds

The restricted funds of the charity comprise the unexpended balances of donations and grants held on trust subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used.

Education Funds	Balance at 1 April 2023 £ 7.035	Move Incoming resources £	Movement in funds ning Resources ces expended £ £ £ 505 (21.769)	Transfers £	Balance at 1 April 2024 £	Movel Incoming resources	Movement in funds ning Resources rces expended £ £	Transfers £	Balance at 31 March 2025 £ £
Restoring and renewing Fulham Palace New Greenhouse/ Going Green Other	6,469	6,875	(27,834) (27,834) - (152,736) (202,339)	27,834 - 6,769 44,894	6,875 51,805 67,742	123,104 133,065 328,575	(23,043) (177,468) (237,847)	(105,115) 19,847 (69,847)	27,249

Education funds are maintained for the care of collections, acquisition of collections and running our education and community outreach service.

The Restoring and Renewing Fulham Palace fund was previously capital funds generated towards our £3.8m Heritage Lottery Fund Project. Those funds were transferred as the project was finished and all funds spent in previous years. Costs in the current year relate to the future Phase IV restoration project.

Other funds include projects in the walled garden, new planting schemes and funding apprenticeships.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

23 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds general	Unrestricted funds Designated	Restricted funds	Total
	2025	2025	2025	2025
	£	£	£	£
At 31 March 2025:				
Tangible assets	4,033,281	-	-	4,033,281
Current assets/(liabilities)	356,021	125,000	88,623	569,644
Long term liabilities	(125,000)	-	-	(125,000)
	4,264,302	125,000	88,623	4,477,925
		====		
	Unrestricted	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
	funds	funds	funds	
	general	Designated		
	2024	2024	2024	2024
	£	£	£	£
At 31 March 2024:				
Tangible assets	4,116,566	-	-	4,116,566
Current assets/(liabilities)	264,917	-	67,742	332,659
	4,381,483	-	67,742	4,449,225

24 Related party transactions

Fulham Palace Enterprises Community Interest Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Fulham Palace Trust.

Aggregate donations from trustees in the year amounted to £2,435 (2024: £3,150). There were no other related party transactions in the reporting period requiring disclosure.

25	Capital commitments	2025 £	2024 £
	Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	4,675	53,300

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

26 Operating lease commitments

Lessor

At the reporting end date the trust had contracted with tenants for the following minimum lease payments:

	At the reporting end date the trust had contracted with tenants for the following minimum lease payments:				
				2025 £	2024 £
	Within one year			952,606	1,049,979
	Between two and five years			1,334,197	1,550,501
	In over five years			-	28,270
				2,286,803	2,628,750
27	Analysis of changes in net funds				
		At 1 April 2024	Cash flows	Other non-cashAt : changes	31 March 2025
		£	£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	702,534	94,258	-	796,792
	Loans falling due within one year	(250,000)	-	250,000	-
	Loans falling due after more than one year	-	-	(125,000)	(125,000)
	Obligations under finance leases	(12,694)	2,672	-	(10,022)
		439,840	96,930	125,000	661,770
28	Cash generated from operations			2025 £	2024 £
	Surplus for the year			28,700	36,513
	Adjustments for:				
	Investment income recognised in statement of financial activities			(21,680)	(36,814)
	Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets			179,084	178,960
	Movements in working capital:			(4.22)	(4.040)
	(Increase) in stocks			(1,925)	(1,810)
	Decrease in debtors			42,472	92,931
	(Decrease) in creditors			(55,602)	(194,378)
	Cash generated from operations			171,049	75,402